Getting Organized: Data & Evaluation 2019 ALASKA'S PRIMARY PREVENTION SUMMIT

Brittany N. Freitas Murrell & Lexi Prunella Strategic Prevention Solutions

Facilitators



Brittany Freitas-Murrell, MS, PhD Candidate Senior Research Associate





Lexi Prunella, MPH, CHES Senior Research Associate



Strategic Prevention Solutions

Do you know?



What resources does evaluation really require?

The difference between quantitative and qualitative data collection methods?

The value of mixed-methods?

How to organize data you've collected?

To keep your data collection feasible?

How to Use Your Workbook

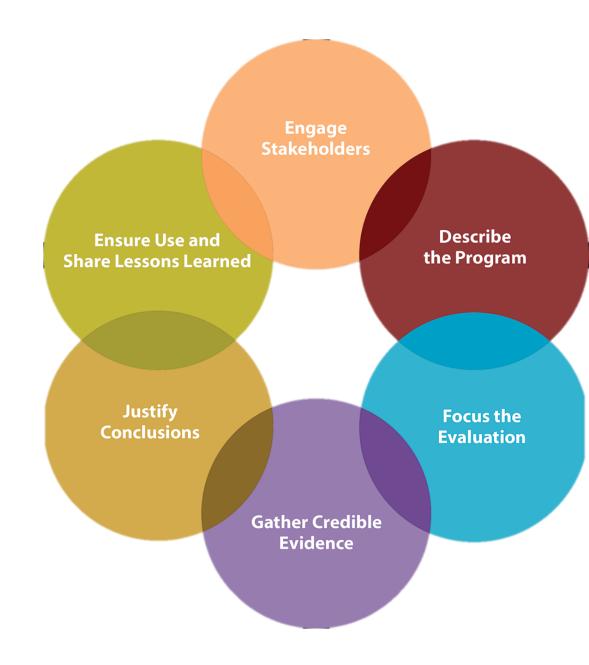
Think about the topic being addressed

 Work through planning & decision-making processes

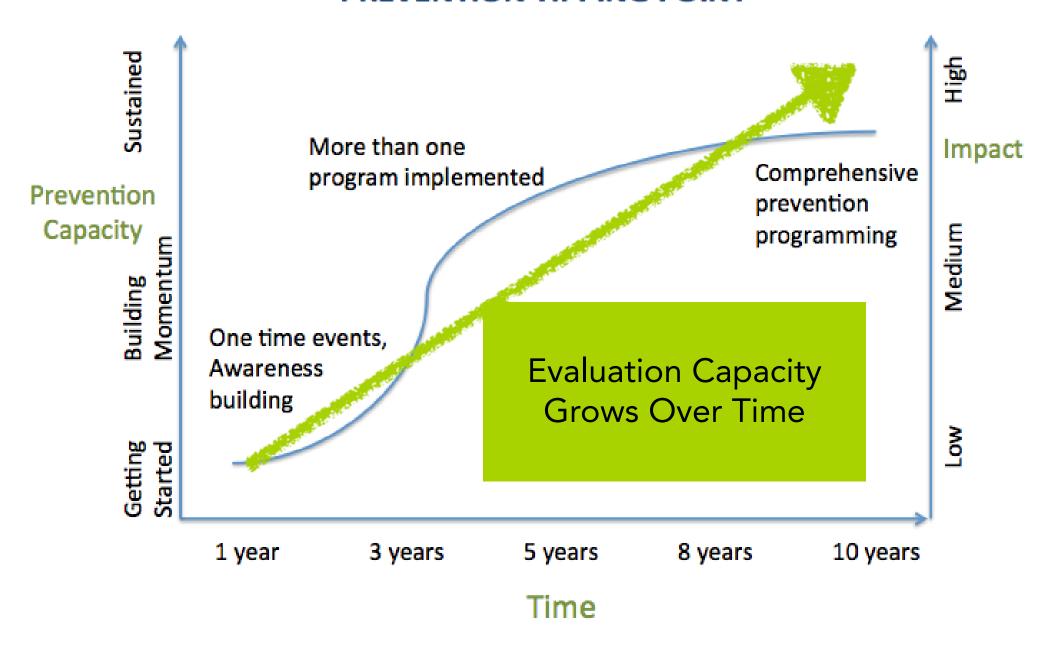
Worksheets



What is your evaluation capacity?



PREVENTION TIPPING POINT



Information Gathering A SOLUTION OF THE SOLUTION OF **Needs Assessment** Readiness **SWOT** Goal Setting & Logic Model Strategic Planning Goals & Outcomes Identify & Select Strategies Resource mobilization Prevention or Action Plan in poloning, pindopologico, poloning, poloning **Implementation** Monitoring & CQI Outcome/Process Evaluation

Stakeholder Engagement





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Data Types & Methods



Types of Data



There are two types of data:

Numbers and everything else



- Quantitative data consists of numbers and determining relationships (sometimes statistical)
- Qualitative data describes the meaning of something

Latte Example



- 12 ounces of coffee and milk
- Serving temperature 150°F
- Cup dimension 7 inches height
- Cost \$6.53

- Robust aroma
- Frothy appearance
- Strong taste, bold
- Cute cup "Boss Lady"



Quantitative Data



Pros

- + Collect a wide variety of information quickly
- + Provides a quick "snapshot" of results
- + Can do statistical analysis

Cons

- May miss out on a more in-depth understanding
- Statistical analysis not always appropriate
- Data collection tools can be difficult to develop/adapt



Qualitative Data



Pros

- + More in-depth understanding
- + Allows more community knowledge to be shared
- + Can be more culturally appropriate

Cons

- Resource intensive and time-consuming
- Data collection requires more staff training
- Subject to misinterpretation



Quantitative & Qualitative Methods



 Consider using a "mixed methods approach"

 Both quantitative and qualitative data may be used for either outcome or process evaluation

 Outcomes can be measured by words OR numbers



"Mixed Methods" Example



Example Satisfaction Survey Question		
Which of the	following did you enjoy the most about today's workshop?	
role	plays	
video	os	
med	ia discussion	
grou	p conversation	
othe	r (please describe):	



An evaluator immerses themselves in the classroom where students are engaging in healthy relationship curriculum. The teacher facilitates several activities and discussions with youth. The evaluator observes, keeping a keen eye on the students, and takes notes on what youth are talking about and the level of engagement.



A community action team reviews the notes taken during semistructured interviews with key stakeholders



1. How much did participating at LeadOn! do the following:

	Very much	Somewhat	A little	Not at all
Changed my attitude about how people should be treated				
Changed my attitude about how I should be treated	\bigcirc		\bigcirc	
Changed how I deal with conflicts in my relationships	\bigcirc		\bigcirc	
Connected me with people who are different than me	\bigcirc		\bigcirc	
Helped me talk with teens I did not know before coming to Lead On	\circ	0	\bigcirc	0
Taught me how to recognize unhealthy behaviors in MY relationships	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Taught me to recognize unhealthy behaviors in relationships of those around me	\circ	\circ	0	0

Qualitative or Quantitative Data?





Materials



Lesson #:		_			Cabaali		
# of boys:		Boys Run I toowú klatseen Tracking Sheet			School: Team:	M/W	T/TH
1- How did it go	0?			3- Did you add a	any physical	activity to	the lesson?
	Very Well	Somewhat	Not Well	What/ where?	iny priysicar	activity to	the lesson?
Use of time							
	Co	omments-					
Interaction with Boys				4- Did you chan	ge the way y	ou preser	nted any
Comments-			information? How/ where?		-		
Use of							

Data Collection Methods / Tools



Surveys or questionnaires

Database, documents, and/or record review

Observations and/or site visits

Interviews

Focus Groups

Photovoice

Experiments

Photovoice Example





这张照片是孩子兮兮过生日的时候照的。我们因了颇老家, 刚到家时孩子对我们比较舒适,过两天就好多了。爷爷生日 过程我和老公带她一起去外餐家,一路上她可高兴了,叽叽 喳喳个没完,看着女儿可爱的笑容,心里头隐隐的不快(女 儿对我们的生疏)冲淡了不少。

There was a storm in Zhuhai. It rained so heavily that children were asked to stay at home. There was flooding and a wall collapsed in my neighborhood. My child saw this and when I returned home she said: "Mom, Zhuhai is so howible and day arms of this go have be a way.

My two kids stayed in my hometown from their earliest age. I finally decided to bring my elder



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Taught me how to recognize unhealthy behaviors in MY relationships	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Taught me to recognize unhealthy behaviors in relationships of those around me	\circ	0	\circ	0

Materials



,							
Lesson #: Boys Run I toowú k				datseen	School:		
# of boys:		20,0	Tracking Sheet		Team:	M/W	T/TH
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	Very Well	Somewhat	Not Well	What/ where?	,,	,	
Use of time							
	Co	omments-					
Interaction with Boys				4- Did you chang	je the way y	ou prese	nted any
Comments-			information? How/ where?		-		
Use of							

Writing Good Questions



- 1. Establish goals
- 2. Develop questions and response options
- 3. Pilot test questions
- 4. Re-evaluate questions



YouTube channel: SPSConnect





Ethics – Visit our YouTube page to watch a video on informed consent

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SWxNOCZlv6o&t=4s

Keeping Data Collection Feasible

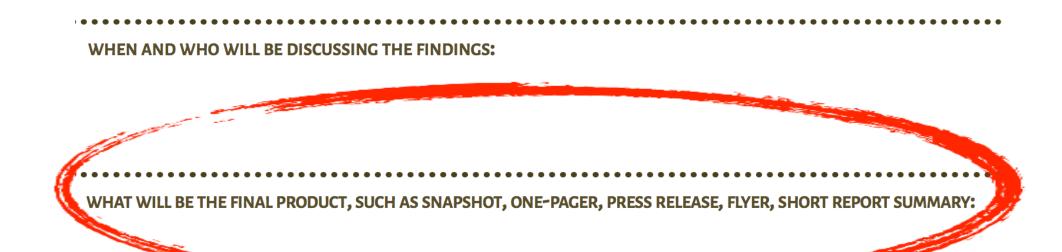


Think about one type of data you want or plan to collect



Data Collection Worksheet



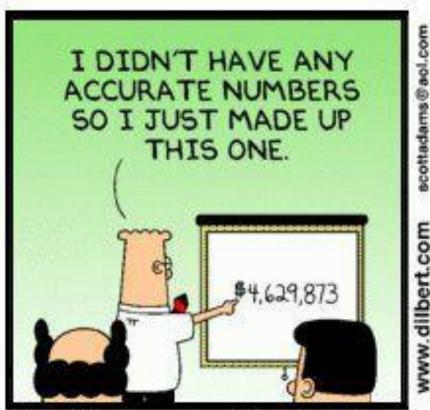


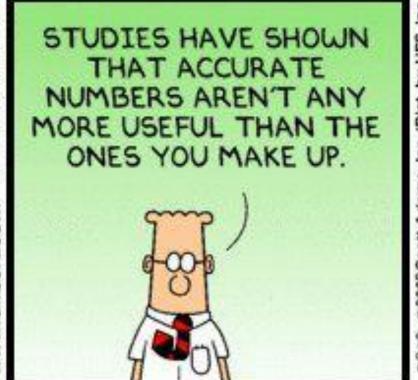
Data Management

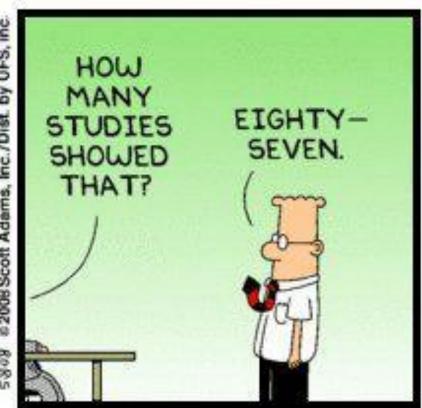


WHERE IS YOUR DATA??

the question we all dread







Scott Adams, Inc./Dist. by UFS, Inc.

Getting Organized: Evaluation Workplan



Benefits

- Written list of activities from preparation through evaluation
- Timeline what, when, who, where, and how
- Improves teamwork and communication
- Reduces lost time, resources, and energy
- Documents roles and transitions of responsibility

Evaluation Workplan



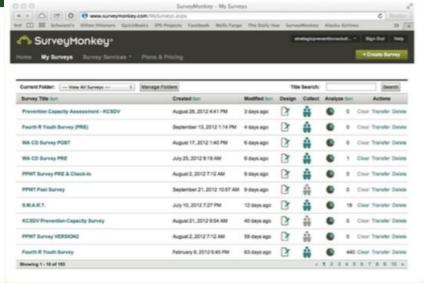
Work Plan Template

5-Year Project Period Outcomes

Goal 1:				
Objective1.1:				
Rationale for the objective:				
Measures for accomplishing	Data source	s to measure		
A.	A.	A.		
B.	В.	В.		
<i>C</i> .	С.	C.		
D.	D.	D.		
Program Activities in support	Person/agency responsible for accomplishing the activity:	or Activity date:		
A.	A.	A.		
В.	В.	В.		
C.	C.	C.		
D.	D.	D.		
Program Activities in support	Person/agency responsible for accomplishing the activity:	or Activity date:		
A.	A.	A.		
В.	В.	B.		
C.	<i>C</i> .	C.		
D	D			

Managing Data











 Use online surveys for data collection, entry AND analysis – regardless of whether you collect data electronically.



 Online surveys are your "virtual file cabinet"

Rule #1: Don't Be A Data Squirrel



- It happens when you're busy
- Keep the evaluation feasible
 only collect what you can analyze and use



don't be a Datasquirrel

Common Analyses



QUANT

- Mean; Median; Mode
- Frequency; Frequency %
- Difference in means;
 Percentage Change
- Cross Tabs

QUAL

- Common themes
- Observing Connections
- Telling a "story"

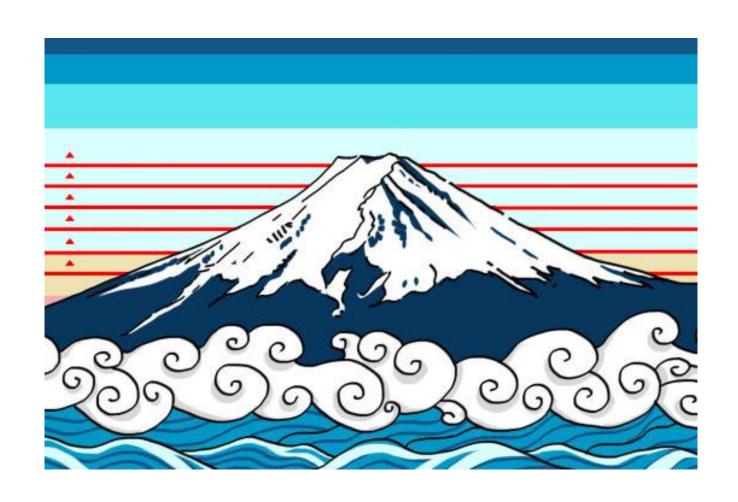
Audience	Questions	Evaluation Use
Program staff & management	Did we reach our intended audience? Target population? Are participants satisfied with the program? Is the program run efficiently? How can we improve the program?	Programming decisions Day-to-day operations
Participants	Did the program help me and people like me? What would improve the program next time? What changes were observed for individuals involved?	Decisions about continuing participation
Community members	Is the program a good fit for our community? What is the program accomplishing?	Decisions about participation and support
Leadership	Who is the program serving? What difference has the program made? Is the program worth investment or additional support?	Decisions about commitment, support, or endorsement Knowledge about the utility and feasibility of the program approach
Funders	Is the program working? Was the program worth the cost/investment? What outcomes or impact was observed?	Accountability Improvement/ increase in funding and/or grantmaking efforts

Improving Programming



How do you improve your projects?

What is your routine practice?



Continuous Quality Improvement

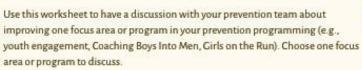


- Build activities into strategies
- Strengthen the evidence supporting the use of a strategy
- Develop more comprehensive programs
- Maximize resources

Make it ROUTINE and EXPECTED



REFLECTION QUESTIONS FOR IMPROVEMENT





Who do you gather information from? Who do you gather information from about this programming?
 This can be formal (e.g., pre/post surveys, focus groups, interviews) or informal (e.g., debriefs/feedback)

2. How do you currently sort through/organize the information you collect?

3. How do you currently use the information you collect? When?

4. Why is it important to consider evaluation for this program/focus area?

5. What are the main challenges you face in using data to make improvements?



Practice An "Improvement" Conversation

Data To Action Reflection Questions



- 1. How satisfied are you with the process of survey (interview etc.) administration? What changes would you make in the future to the tool or process?
- 2. What findings confirmed what you believed to be true or are what you expected to see?
- 3. What findings surprised you?
- 4. Is there any additional information that you need to further understand survey findings? How will you get that information?
- 5. What findings support your current or planned activities/strategies?
- 6. What additional or different activities/strategies do the findings indicate are needed?
- 7. With whom will you share this data and in what form (report, one-pager, presentation etc.)?

Summary



- Be intentional
- Mixed method is most informative
- Match method to resources and capacity
- Connect to goals
- Have a plan for analysis and dissemination
- Reflect and use findings

Questions



Resources & References



Primary Prevention & Evaluation Resource Kit (Pennsylvania Coalition Against Rape, 2014)

http://www.pcar.org/resource/primary-prevention-and-evaluation-resource-kit-analyzing-evaluation-data

PreventConnect (California Coalition Against Sexual Assault)

http://www.learn.preventconnect.org

EvaluAction: Putting Evaluation To Work (VETO Violence, CDC)

http://vetoviolence.cdc.gov/apps/evaluaction/

Community Toolbox (University of Kansas)

http://ctb.ku.edu/en

Data Visualization

http://stephanieevergreen.com/blog/

- CDC Evaluation Working Group www.http://www.cdc.gov/eval/resources.htm#logic
- CDC Sexual and Intimate Partner Violence Prevention Programs Evaluation (Guide 99-9234)
 Order at http://wwwn.cdc.gov/pubs/ncipc.aspx
- Choi, B. C., & Pak, A. W. (2004). A catalog of biases in questionnaires. *Preventing chronic disease*, 2(1), A13.
- Developing a Logic Model: Teaching and Training Guide by Ellen Taylor Powell and Ellen Henert. <u>www.uwex.edu/ces/pdande/evaluation/pdf/lmguidecomplete.pdf</u>
- W.K. Kellogg Foundation's Logic Model Development Guide www.wkkf.org/pubs/tools/evaluation/pub3669.pdf