

Alaska Police Standards Council Reciprocity Training Definition Reference

Course Topic	Defining Examples
Use of force	Constitutional and legal standards for the use of force. Human Performance and mindset. Factors used to make judgments on justification of an officer's decision, including threat assessment cues. De-escalation and Duty to Intervene. Decision making centered around Objective Reasonableness.
Bloodborne pathogens	OSHA Bloodborne Pathogens Standard.
Ethics	Professional standard of Ethics and Conduct. To foster values, integrity, and principles as they relate to law enforcement decision making. Gaining respect, honor, and developing public trust through ethical and professional decision making.
Constitutional law, civil rights, disability awareness	Statutes and the Rules of Criminal Procedure applicable to the laws of arrest. Discussions of the State Supreme Court, the State Court of Appeals and the United States Supreme Court relating to the statutes and rules. The difference between civil and criminal law with an explanation of the classification of crimes with a short introduction to legal research.
Control Tactics	Methods for physically controlling combative subjects. Specific defensive tactic techniques, control techniques, handcuffing methods, and searching methods, uncooperative subject, and in weapon retention.
CPR/Basic first aid/AED	To enable the students to apply basic first aid treatment within the principles of the basic Cardio pulmonary resuscitation (CPR), Automated External Defibrillator (AED) Equivalent to American red cross heart saver standard.
Criminal investigations	
Controlled substances	Basic orientation to general dangerous drug classification, drug laws, symptoms of drug abuse and introduction to drug identification. dangerous drug testing and identification. Instruction on domestic marijuana cultivation and associated officer hazards.
Crimes against minors	Sexual assault/exploitation of children will provide an overview of investigative techniques including interviewing.
Sex crimes and human trafficking	Rape evidence collection and the need for officer awareness of the psychological factors of the victim.
Criminal justice system	The three main components and how they interact with each other.
Criminal law and procedure	Statutory offenses, legal definitions and how to apply them
Crime scene investigation	Duty of the first responder. Protection and preliminary survey of the crime scene. Recording the crime scene through, photography, diagrams, and recorded scene observations. Crime scene search and evaluation of the evidence. Collection and preservation of the evidence. Final crime scene survey and release of the scene. Organization, analysis, and presentation of the case. The written report.
Cultural diversity	Increase awareness regarding Cultural Diversity in Law Enforcement. Encourage fair and positive law enforcement with all cultures and the importance of being able to work with and among different cultures.
Domestic violence 12 hours	response to domestic Violence from a law enforcement perspective. The dynamics of domestic violence is examined, and the traditional myths related to the causes of domestic violence are explored. The statutory requirement of mandatory arrest and the exceptions to mandatory arrest. Statutory definition of domestic violence, lethality indicators, strangulation, stalking, protective orders, information for victims of domestic violence, violent crime compensation, and response procedures that outline officer safety risks and hazards.
DUI/FST/Use scientific instrument to determine BrAC	Detecting and apprehending DUI offenders, developing an understanding of the complex involvement of alcohol problems confronted by police officers, and understanding the relationship between driving impaired and traffic crashes. Reasons behind necessary enforcement action, procedures for detecting, testing,

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	and processing the suspect, gathering and recording of evidence, and maintaining chain of custody. DUI law, concepts, and principles of the Standardized Field Sobriety Tests (SFSTs). Meets standards for all phases of instruction required for certification of operators on certified breath test instrument. Instruction of pharmacology and toxicology of alcohol, the theory and operation of the breath test instrument, the legal requirements to be met
Electronic evidence and identity theft	Collection of digital evidence and other non-physical evidence and information surrounding identity theft.
Classroom and practical EVOC	basic knowledge, skills and efficient use of patrol vehicles. Emphasis is placed on proactive, defensive driving and the establishment of the ability to avoid involvement in accidents regardless of road or weather conditions. The skid control portion utilizes a skid car, the most advanced equipment available, and principals and dynamics of vehicle weight change in skid conditions, recognize conditions conducive to skids, prevention of entry into skids and skills in successful recovery from skids.
Emotional survival, police stress, and trauma	Critical Incident Management support, stress reducing training for Law Enforcement, mental and physical trauma training
Mental health issues	Recognition of individuals in crisis, how best to interact with individuals in crisis, officer safety concerns, and state law.
Firearms	
Classroom instruction	Relevant aspects of firearms training for a police officer, safety. Primary emphasis is placed on the fundamentals of safety, grip, and trigger control, breathing, sight alignment, stance, and the balance of speed, handgun power, and accuracy. Additional emphasis is on mental conditioning, weapon manipulation and continuity of fire.
Handguns, practical instruction	Effective handgun shooting stance, presentation, recoil control weapon retention and accuracy.
 Handguns, practical instruction, low-light ops 	Low and/or no light, practice with a handgun while shooting at targets using handheld flashlight techniques, weapon mounted lights, around patrol car lights, backlighting, and front lighting.
Long guns, practical instruction	Effective long gun shooting stance, presentation, recoil control weapon retention and accuracy.
 Long guns, practical instruction, low-light ops 	Low and/or no light , practice with a long gun while shooting at targets using flashlight techniques, weapon mounted lights, around patrol car lights, backlighting, and front lighting.
Hazardous materials	Hazardous Materials Awareness for First Responders is designed to provide the student with the basic skills necessary to safely and effectively manage the initial activities of an emergency involving the uncontrolled release of dangerous chemicals.
Interview and interrogation	Basic guidelines for conducting interviews and obtaining statements. An introduction to behavioral analysis and the procedures for conducting legally acceptable interrogations and obtaining admissions and confessions.
Juvenile law and procedures	Legal procedures for handling juveniles before and after arrest in accordance with the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Act of 1974 Regulations involving runaway minors and children in need of aid. Further discussed are tactics and procedures for handling adolescents
Patrol procedures	Purposes of patrol as crime prevention, responding to calls for service, and selective enforcement. Different types and methods of patrol. Basic techniques for accomplishing the patrol function. Patrol, response to emergency situations and indicators that sharpen the skills of observations and perception, professional note taking skills, death notifications, noise complaints, open doors, missing persons calls, welfare checks, and response techniques to barricaded suspect calls, burglaries, and robberies in progress.
Police tools	
• TASER	Proper use of the TASER as related to law enforcement and or animal control. Proper treatment and first aid procedures for an individual

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• OC	subjected to a TASER deployment and outlines the required reporting procedures to be followed when the TASER is utilized as a defensive weapon. Basic knowledge and skills in the proper use of pepper sprays as related to law enforcement and or animal control. It also explains the proper treatment and first aid procedures for an individual subjected to pepper
	spray and outlines the required reporting procedures to be followed when pepper sprays are utilized as a defensive weapon.
Handcuffs	Handcuffing in standing, kneeling, and prone positions.
• Baton	Advantages and disadvantages of collapsible batons, factors effecting successful control, body mechanics, motor skill development, including primary target areas and non target areas.
• Radar	Specific operation of RADAR/ LIDAR instruments and the possibility of interference and malfunctions of the instruments and the ways to avoid them.
Professional communication	Provides the student with the verbal tools necessary to successfully manage their routine interactions as well as extraordinary confrontations that they find themselves in. The objective of this course is to provide the student with an increased awareness and understanding of one's communication skills. This increased awareness will lead the student to a greater sense of Officer Safety and Enhanced Professionalism.
Radio procedures	police use of the radio for communication. the theory behind radio function. The components and functions of simplex, repeater and trunked radio systems.
Report writing	Law Enforcement reports, standards for acceptable reports and adequate writing skills.
Search and seizure and search warrants	Basic understanding of search and seizure and the problems that he/she will encounter both "on thestreet" and in the courtroom. Probable cause and reasonable suspicion and how to apply these standards. How the Fourth Amendment applies in all aspects of search and seizure. Difference between searches made with warrants and those made without warrants.
Social media	Parameters of the First Amendment and freedom of expression as a public employee in a voluntary work arrangement with a government employer and how that relates to information disseminated on social media.
Traffic law & stops/practical scenarios/accident inv.	Elements of specific crimes are outlined with emphasis placed on licensing requirements, registration requirements, moving violations, and equipment violations. Officer safety and procedural standards of high risk stops, Basic accident investigation course is structured to introduce the trainee to on scene recording of traffic accident evidence and to respond appropriately to the laws violated.
Disability Awareness & working w/ those w/ Disabilities	Complying with the ADA and interacting and performing official duties with individuals with disabilities.